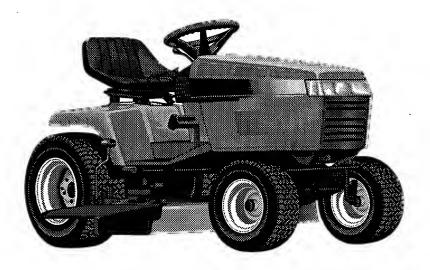
AGCO ALLIS OPERATOR'S MANUAL

LIQUID COOLED

1700 SERIES

17 HP Liquid Cooled Hydro Mfg. No. 1692839

50" Mower Deck Mfg. No. 1692689



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NOTE: In this manual, "left" and "right" are referred to as seen from the operating position.

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TP 100-2037-00-LL-SMA

A WARNING

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known, in certain quantities, to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Tractor & Mower Identification

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Record your model number, manufacturer number and engine serial number in the space provided for easy reference. The models and manufacturer numbers covered in this manual are listed on the front cover.

The tractor I.D. tag is located on the left-side, front of the frame, as shown below. The mower deck I.D. tag is also on the left side, on top of the mower deck.

Refer to the engine Owner's Manual for location of engine serial number.

Be sure to fill out and return the Warranty Registration Card supplied with your tractor.

MODEL REFERENCE				
Model Number:				
Manufacturer Number:	—			
Engine I.D. Number:				
Dealer Name/Date Purchased:				

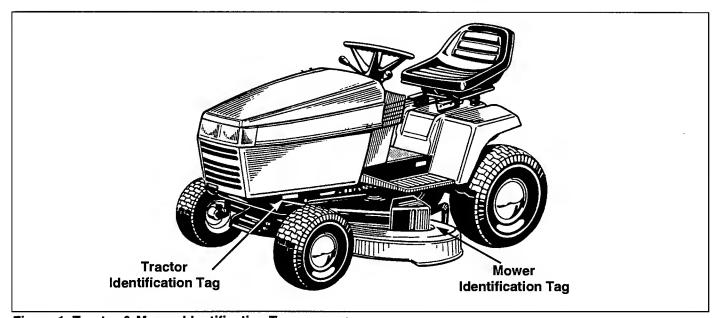


Figure 1. Tractor & Mower Identification Tags



Read these safety rules and follow them closely. Failure to obey these rules could result in loss of control of rider, severe personal injury or death to you, or bystanders, or damage to property or equipment. This mowing deck is capable of amputating hands and feet and throwing objects. The triangle in text signifies important cautions or warnings which must be followed.

GENERAL OPERATION

- Read, understand, and follow all instructions in the manual and on the unit before starting.
- Only allow responsible adults, who are familiar with the instructions, to operate the unit.
- Clear the area of objects such as rocks, toys, wire, etc., which could be picked up and thrown by the blade(s).
- Be sure the area is clear of other people before mowing. Stop unit if anyone enters the area.
- Never carry passengers.
- Do not mow in reverse unless absolutely necessary.
 Always look down and behind before and while travelling in reverse.
- Be aware of the mower discharge direction and do not point it at anyone. Do not operate the mower without either the entire grass catcher or the deflector in place.
- Slow down before turning.
- Never leave a running unit unattended. Always disengage the PTO, set parking brake, stop engine, and remove keys before dismounting.
- Turn off the PTO switch to disengage the blades when not mowing.
- Stop engine before removing grass catcher or unclogging chute.
- Mow only in daylight or good artificial light.
- Do not operate the unit while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Watch for traffic when operating near or crossing roadways.
- Use extra care when loading or unloading the unit into a trailer or truck.

SLOPE OPERATION

Slopes are a major factor related to loss-of-control and tip-over accidents, which can result in severe injury or death. All slopes require extra caution. If you cannot back up the slope or if you feel uneasy on it, do not mow it.

WARNING - SLOPE OPERATION

Never operate on slopes greater than 30 percent (16.7°) which is a rise of three feet vertically in 10 feet horizontally. When operating on slopes that are greater than 15 percent (8.5°) but less than 30 percent use front counterweights and rear wheel weights (see your dealer). Select slow ground speed before driving onto slope. In addition to front and rear weights, use extra caution when operating on slopes with rear-mounted grass catcher. Mow UP and DOWN the slope, never across the face, use caution when changing directions and DO NOT START OR STOP ON SLOPE.

Do

- See your authorized dealer for recommendations of wheel weights or counterweights to improve stability.
- Mow up and down slopes, not across.
- Remove obstacles such as rocks, tree limbs, etc.
- Watch for holes, ruts, or bumps. Uneven terrain could overturn the unit. Tall grass can hide obstacles.
- Use slow speed. Choose a low gear so that you will not have to stop or shift while on the slope.
- Use extra care with grass catchers or other attachments. These can change the stability of the unit.
- Keep all movement on the slopes slow and gradual.
 Do not make sudden changes in speed or direction.

Do Not

- Do not start or stop on a slope. If tires lose traction, disengage the blade(s) and proceed slowly straight down the slope.
- Do not turn on slopes unless necessary, and then, turn slowly and gradually downhill, if possible.
- Do not mow near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments. The mower could suddenly turn over if a wheel is over the edge of a cliff or ditch, or if an edge caves in.
- Do not mow on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause sliding.
- Do not try to stabilize the unit by putting your foot on the ground.
- Do not use grass catcher on steep slopes.

CHILDREN

Tragic accidents can occur if the operator is not alert to the presence of children. Children are often attracted to the unit and the mowing activity. Never assume that children will remain where you last saw them.

- Keep children out of the mowing area and under the watchful care of another responsible adult.
- Be alert and turn unit off if children enter the area.
- Before and when backing, look behind and down for small children.
- Never carry children. They may fall off and be seriously injured or interfere with safe unit operation.
- Never allow children to operate the unit.
- Use extra care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure vision.

TRANSPORTING AND STORAGE

- Always observe safe refueling and fuel handling practices when refueling the tractor after transportation or storage.
- Always follow the engine manual instructions for storage preparations before storing the tractor for both short and long term periods.
- Always follow the engine manual instructions for proper start-up procedures when returning the unit to service.
- Never store the unit or fuel container inside where there is an open flame or pilot light, such as in a water heater. Allow unit to cool before storing.

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

- Use extra care in handling gasoline and other fuels. They are flammable and vapors are explosive.
 - a) Use only an approved container.
 - Never remove gas cap or add fuel with the engine running. Allow engine to cool before refueling. Do not smoke.
 - c) Never refuel the unit indoors.
 - d) Never run a unit inside a closed area.
- Keep nuts and bolts, especially blade attachment bolts, tight and keep equipment in good condition.
- Never tamper with safety devices. Check their proper operation regularly.
- Keep unit free of grass, leaves, or other debris buildup. Clean up oil or fuel spillage.
- Stop and inspect the equipment if you strike an object. Repair, if necessary, before restarting.
- Never make adjustments or repairs with the engine running unless specified otherwise in the engine manufacturer's manual.
- Grass catcher components are subject to wear, damage, and deterioration, which could expose moving parts or allow objects to be thrown. Frequently check components and replace with manufacturer's recommended parts, when necessary.
- Mower blades are sharp and can cut. Wrap the blade(s) or wear gloves, and use extra caution when servicing them.
- Check brake operation frequently. Adjust and service as required.
- Use only factory authorized replacement parts when making repairs.
- Always comply with factory specifications on all settings and adjustments.
- Only authorized service locations should be utilized for major service and repair requirements.
- Never attempt to make major repairs on this unit unless you have been properly trained. Improper service procedures can result in hazardous operation, equipment damage and voiding of manufacturer's warranty.

GENERAL

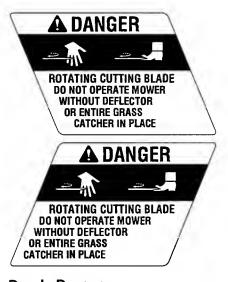
This unit has been designed and manufactured to provide you with the safety and reliability you would expect from an industry leader in outdoor power equipment manufacturing.

Although reading this manual and the safety instructions it contains will provide you with the necessary basic knowledge to operate this equipment safely and effectively, we have placed several safety labels on the unit to remind you of this important information while you are operating your tractor.

All WARNING, CAUTION and instructional messages on your tractor and mower should be carefully read and obeyed. Personal bodily injury can result when these instructions are not followed. The information is for your safety and it is important! The safety decals shown below are on your tractor and mower.

If any of these decals are lost or damaged, replace them at once. See your local dealer for replacements.

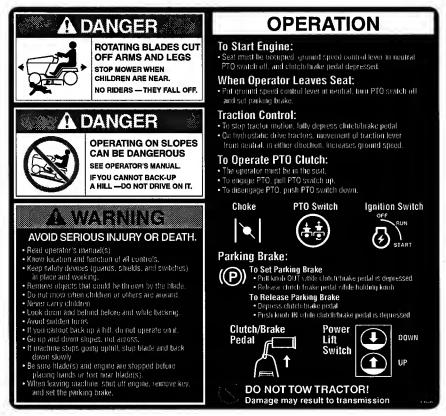
These labels are easily applied and will act as a constant visual reminder to you, and others who may use the equipment, to follow the safety instructions necessary for safe, effective operation.



Decal - Danger Part No. 1704276 (top decal) Part No. 1704277 (bottom decal)



Decal - Hydro Release Valve Part No. 1708918



Decal - Operating Information Part No. 1716529

TRACTOR CONTROLS

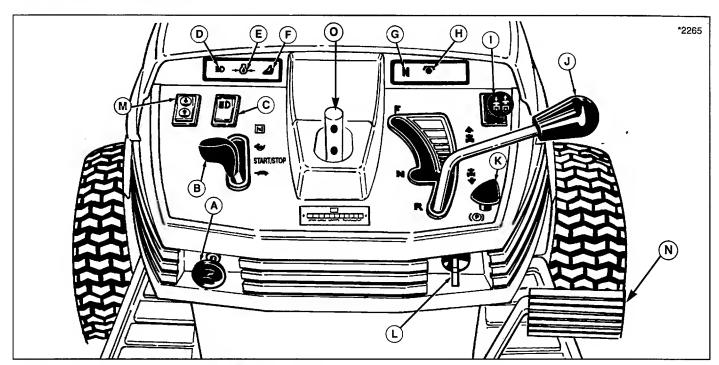


Figure 2. Tractor Controls (Hydro Model Shown)

REF	NAME	FUNCTION
Α	Choke	Pull out to close choke. Aids in starting a cold engine.
В	Engine Speed Control Lever	Controls engine speed. On single cylinder models, push fully forward to close choke. For warm starts & stopping, move control lever to START/STOP position.
С	Headlight Switch	Push front down to turn headlight on, push back to turn headlight off.
D	Headlight Indicator Light (Blue)	Indicates headlights on when lit.
Е	Oil Pressure Indicator Light (Red) (not on Briggs & Stratton 15 HP)	Indicates low oil pressure (when engine is running). Lights up with ignition key (L) turned on. Should go out immediately after engine starts.
F	Operator Seated Indicator Light (Green)	Indicates operator present and seat switch engaged. Must be lit for engine to start. For more details, refer to Safety Interlock System.
G	Neutral Indicator Light (Green)	Indicates transmission lever (J) is in neutral gate. Must be lit for engine to start.
Н	PTO Indicator Light (Red)	Indicates PTO switch (I) is on. Must be off for engine to start.
I	PTO (Electric Clutch) Switch	Controls PTO for attachments. Pull up to engage clutch, push down to disengage. Activates PTO light (H).
J	Ground Speed Control Lever	Controls ground speed and forward/reverse motion. Push forward to go forward; pull back to go in reverse. On hydro models, ground speed is controlled by how far lever is in forward or reverse position.
К	Parking Brake Control Knob	Engages parking brake. Depress clutch/brake pedal (N) fully and pull up knob to engage parking brake. To disengage brake, depress pedal and push knob down.
L	Ignition Switch	Starts and stops the engine.
М	Mower Lift Control - Electric	Lifts and locks mower into transport position when lever is raised and moved into top position.
N	Clutch/Brake Pedal	Press down to disengage clutch and apply brake. For parking brake, depress brake pedal fully and lift control knob (K).
0	Dual Position Steering Shaft (Shown with steering wheel removed)	Steering wheel can be installed in two different positions for operator comfort.

TRACTOR & MOWER FEATURES

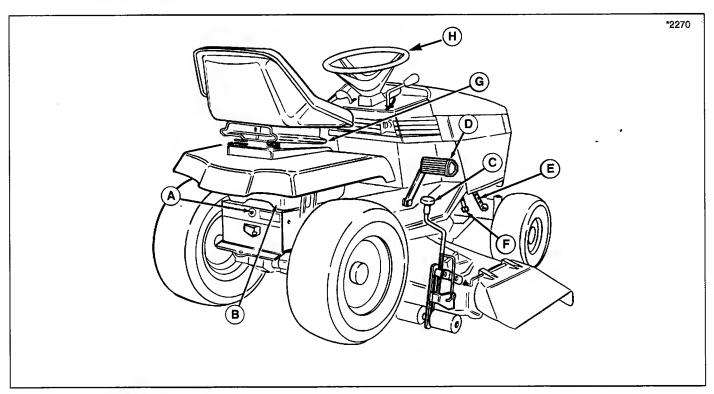


Figure 3. Tractor & Mower Features

REF.	NAME	FUNCTION
Α	Transmission Release Lever	Disengages transaxle in order to push tractor by hand. See PUSHING TRACTOR BY HAND in the Operation section.
В	Fuel Tank with Gauge	4 gallon (15.1L) fuel tank with built-in gauge in filler cap (located under the seat).
С	Mower Height Adjuster	Controls height of mower cut. Infinitely adjustable from 1" to 3-5/8" cutting heights.
D	Clutch/Brake Pedal	Depressing pedal disengages drive belt and applies tractor brake. Depressing the pedal (in forward gears) returns the ground speed control lever (J, Figure 1) to neutral. Depress pedal fully and lift control knob (K, Figure 1) to lock parking brake.
E	Hood Latch	Rubber straps secure hood to frame. Release strap on each side to raise engine hood.
F	Oil Drain	Oil drain extension tube allows for engine oil to be drained from underneath tractor frame.
G	Seat Lever	Releases seat for forward/back seat position.
Н	Dual Position Steering Wheel	Steering wheel can be installed in two separate positions for operator comfort. See Adjustments section.

SAFETY INTERLOCK SYSTEM

Your tractor is equipped with a seat switch safety system that will automatically shut the engine off when the operator leaves the seat with the transmission control lever in gear or PTO engaged. Once the engine has stopped, the electric PTO switch must be turned off after operator returns to the seat in order to start the engine.

Check operation of dash safety lights. With operator in seat and ignition switch turned to ON (engine not running):

- A. Neutral Indicator Light (G, Figure 2) should go on with transmission lever in neutral gate and should go out when lever is moved to either the forward or reverse gate.
- B. PTO Indicator Light (H, Figure 2) should go on and off with operation of PTO switch.
- C. Oil Pressure Indicator Light (E, Figure 2) should be on and should go out immediately after engine starts.
- D. Operator Seated Indicator Light (F, Figure 2) should go on when operator is present in the seat and should go off as operator rises out of the seat.

Check the seat switch (A, Figure 4) every fall and spring with the following four tests:

Test 1 - Engine should NOT crank if:

- A. seat is not occupied or
- B. transmission lever out of neutral or
- C. PTO switch engaged or
- D. clutch/brake pedal not fully depressed.

Test 2 - Engine should crank if:

- A. seat is occupied and
- B. transmission lever is in neutral and
- C. PTO switch is disengaged and
- D. clutch/brake pedal is fully depressed.

Test 3 - Engine should shut off if:

- A. operator rises off seat with transmission lever in gear or
- B. operator rises off seat with clutch/brake pedal not depressed (parking brake on) or
- C. operator rises off seat with PTO engaged. NOTE: If operator returns to seat before engine stops, the engine will re-start and electric PTO clutch will reengage.

Test 4 - PTO will disengage if:

A. operator rises off seat with engine running.

NOTE: If operator returns to seat before engine stops,
the engine will resume speed and electric PTO clutch will
re-engage.

WARNING

If the tractor does not pass the test, do not operate tractor. See your authorized dealer. Under no circumstance should you attempt to defeat the purpose of the safety system.

GENERAL

Before operating this tractor for the first time, the owner should operate in an open area without mowing, to become accustomed to the unit. The left side of the mower can be used to trim close to objects. Be sure to read all information in the Safety and Operation sections before attempting to operate this tractor and mower.

A WARNING - SLOPE OPERATION

Never operate on slopes greater than 30 percent (16.7°) which is a rise of three feet vertically in 10 feet horizontally. When operating on slopes that are greater than 15 percent (8.5°) but less than 30 percent use front counterweights and rear wheel weights (see your dealer). Select slow ground speed before driving onto slope. In addition to front and rear weights, use extra caution when operating on slopes with rear-mounted grass catcher. Mow UP and DOWN the slope, never across the face, use caution when changing directions and DO NOT START OR STOP ON SLOPE.

AWARNING

Never allow passengers to ride on the unit.

WARNING

To reduce fire hazard, keep the engine and mower free of grass, leaves and excess grease.

AWARNING

The interlock safety switches are for your safety. Do not attempt to bypass them.



IMPORTANT NOTE

Do not tow tractor! Towing the tractor will cause transmission damage. Do not use another vehicle to push or pull tractor.

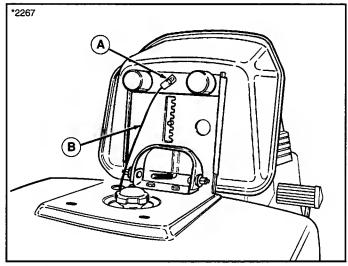


Figure 4. Seat Switch A. Switch

B. Wiring Harness

MOWER INSTALLATION

WARNING

Stop engine and remove key. Do not engage PTO until mower is completely installed and operator is seated.

NOTE: Perform mower installation on a hard, level surface such as a concrete floor.

- 1. Park tractor and turn off PTO switch and engine, remove the key and apply parking brake. Turn the wheels fully to the left.
- Place mower in the lowest cutting position using the mower height adjuster (C, Figure 3) in the lowest position, also. Slide mower deck under right side of tractor so that mower hitch is aligned with front tractor hitch.
- See Figure 5. Turn wheels straight. Pull back on the spring-loaded lever (B) while lifting up on the mower hitch. Install mower hitch onto tractor hitch brackets (A). When properly installed, the spring-loaded lever should seat fully underneath the brackets.
- 4. See Figure 6. Connect the mower lift chains (A & E) to the the tractor lift arm (B) using the clevis pins, washers and safety clips. Install the shorter clevis pin (F, Figure 6) on the left side as shown.
- See Figure 7. From left side of tractor, pull idler arm (A) towards you to relieve belt tension. Install belt onto the PTO pulley (B).

MOWER REMOVAL

- Park tractor on a hard, level surface such as a concrete floor. Turn off PTO switch and engine, remove the key and apply parking brake. Turn the wheels fully to the left.
- 2. Place mower in the lowest cutting position using the mower height adjuster (C, Figure 3).
- 3. Place the mower in the lowest position.
- Disconnect the mower lift arms from the tractor lift arm (Figure 6). Re-install clevis pins, washers and safety clips on mower lift arms for storage.
- 5. Remove belt from PTO pulley.
- 6. Turn wheels straight ahead. Pull back on springloaded idler arm (A, Figure 7) and lift mower hitch off of the tractor brackets.
- 7. Turn wheels fully left, and slide mower deck out right side of tractor.

OPERATING THE MOWER

- When traveling to or from the work site, fully raise the mower using the electric mower lift switch. At the work site, lower mower using the lift switch.
- 2. Use the mower height adjuster (C, Figure 3) to set the proper mowing height. See Mowing Patterns & Tips section for cutting height recommendations.

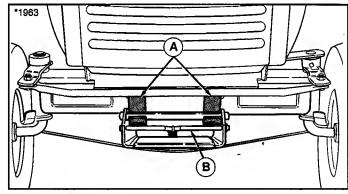


Figure 5. Mower Hitch A. Hitch Brackets

B. Spring-Loaded Lever

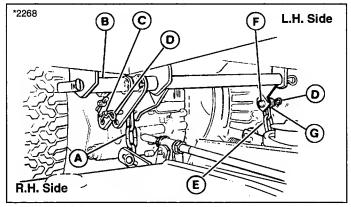


Figure 6. Mower With Electric Lift

A. Mower Lift Chain, R.H.

B. Tractor Lift Arm

C. Clevis Pin, Long

D. Safety Clip

E. Mower Lift Chain, L.H.

F. Clevis Pin. Short

G. Washer

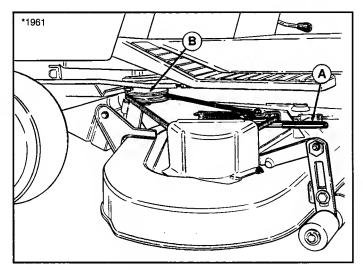


Figure 7. Installing Belt

A. Idler Arm

B. PTO Pulley

CHECKS BEFORE STARTING

- 1. Make sure you have proper wheel or counterweights if required. See SLOPE OPERATION in the Safety Rules section. Make sure any slopes are within required limits.
- 2. Check that crankcase is filled to full mark on dipstick. See the engine Operator's Manual for instructions and oil recommendations.
- 3. Make sure all nuts, bolts, screws and pins are in place and tight.
- 4. Make sure you can reach all controls from operator's positions. If not, see SEAT ADJUSTMENT.
- 5. Fill the gasoline tank with fresh gasoline. Fill to bottom of filler neck to avoid spillage and overflow. DO NOT mix oil with gasoline. Refer to engine manual for gasoline recommendations.

WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and must be handled with care. Never fill the tank when the engine is still hot from recent operation. Do not allow open flame, smoking or matches in the area. Avoid over-filling and wipe up any spills.

CLUTCH/BRAKE PEDAL

- 1. See Figure 8. Depressing the pedal to position A disengages the transmission drive and, when in a forward gear, returns the transmission control lever to neutral. Fully depressing the pedal to position B applies the tractor brake.
- 2. Parking brake is applied at pedal position B when parking brake control knob (C, Figure 8) is pulled up with pedal fully depressed.

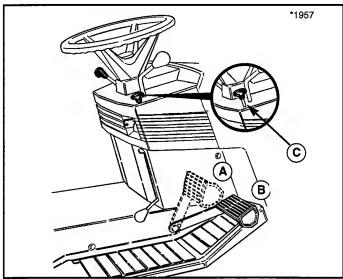


Figure 11. Clutch/Brake Pedal and Parking Brake A. Clutch disengages

B. Brake is applied

C. Parking Brake Knob

STARTING THE ENGINE

Refer to Figure 9.

- 1. Seat yourself on the tractor seat in the operating position. Set the parking brake using the brake pedal (N) and parking brake knob (K).
- 2. Push down on the switch (I) to disengage the PTO and place the ground speed control lever (J) in neutral.
- 3. For cold starts, pull choke knob (A) to the choke position. For warm starts, leave choke knob pushed in.
- 4. Turn the key (L) to start and release when engine has started.
- 5. Move the engine speed control lever (B) to the slow position. Warm up the engine by running it for at least a minute before engaging the PTO or driving the tractor.

SELECTING GROUND & ENGINE SPEED

With hydrostatic transmissions, ground speed is infinitely variable according to how far the control lever (J, Figure 9) is moved in the forward or reverse position.

WARNING

Make sure desired direction of travel is clear of objects, people and animals.

Most mowing is done with engine at full speed. If the terrain is rough, hilly or sloping, use first or second gear. If the grass is wet or over 3" (76mm) high, use full engine speed (with low gear) so the mower will have enough power to cut the grass.

- 1. If you are ready to mow, lower the mower from the transport position using mower lift control, (M, Figure 9) and set the mowing height using the mowing height adjuster (B, Figure 8).
- 2. Set the engine speed control lever (B, Figure 9) for full speed.
- Use the PTO switch (I) to engage the PTO.
- 4. Release the parking brake by depressing brake pedal (N, Figure 9) and pushing knob (K) down.
- 5. Move the ground speed control lever (J, Figure 9) to the desired direction and speed of travel to set the tractor in motion.
- 6. Adjust engine speed control lever (B, Figure 9) to the desired speed. Between 3/4 and full speed is recommended for mowing.

STOPPING THE TRACTOR

- Move the ground speed control lever (J, Figure 9) into the NEUTRAL position to make a gradual stop.
 To make a more rapid stop, depress the clutch/brake pedal (N, Figure 9).
 - NOTE: The ground speed control lever will return to neutral from a forward gear when the clutch/brake pedal is depressed.
- 2. Engage the parking brake by fully depressing brake pedal and pulling up on parking brake knob (K, Figure 9).
- 3. Use the PTO switch (I, Figure 9) to disengage the PTO.
- 4. Set the engine speed control lever (B, Figure 9) to 1/2 throttle setting and allow the engine to idle for 20 seconds. Stopping a hot engine too fast may cause engine damage.
- 5. Turn key (L, Figure 9) to OFF and remove it.

WARNING

Before leaving the operator's position for any reason, engage the parking brake, disengage the PTO, stop the engine and remove the key.

WARNING

To reduce fire hazard, keep the engine, tractor and mower free of grass, leaves and excess grease. Do not stop or park tractor over dry leaves, grass or combustible materials.

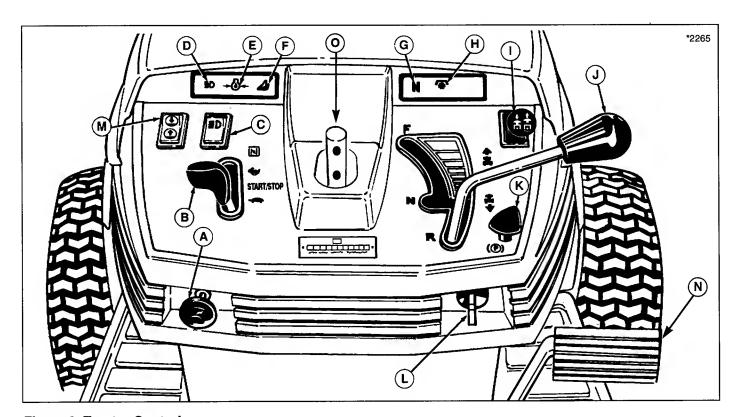


Figure 9. Tractor Controls

- A. Choke
- **B.** Engine Speed Control Lever
- C. Headlight Switch
- D. Headlight Indicator Light (Blue)
- E. Oil Pressure Indicator Light (Red)
- F. Operator Seated Indicator Light (Green)
- G. Neutral Indicator Light (Green)
- H. PTO Indicator Light (Red)

- I. PTO Switch
- J. Ground Speed Control Lever
- K. Parking Brake Knob
- L. Ignition Switch
- M. Electric Mower Lift Lever
- N. Clutch/Brake Pedal
- O. Dual Position Steering Shaft

PUSHING THE TRACTOR BY HAND

- 1. With engine off and key removed, use the PTO switch (I, Figure 9) to disengage the PTO.
- 2. Place the mower in the transport position (up) using the mower lift control (C, Figure 9).
- 3. See Figure 10. To push the tractor by hand, the release lever must be placed in the PUSH position. Pull release lever handle out and down until lever locks in fully released position.
- See Figure 11. To drive the tractor, release lever must be moved to the DRIVE position by pushing lever up and in until lever locks in DRIVE position.



IMPORTANT NOTE

Do not tow tractor! Towing the tractor will cause transmission damage. Do not use another vehicle to push or pull tractor.

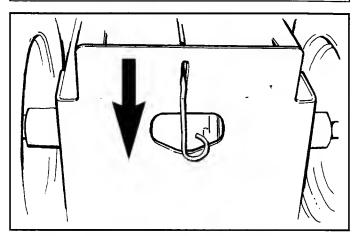


Figure 10. Hydro Transaxle Release Lever - Push Position

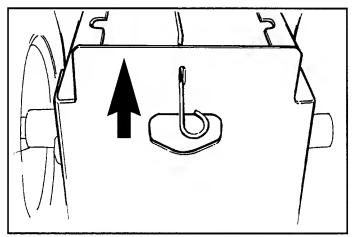


Figure 11. Hydro Transaxle Release Lever - Drive Position

GENERAL

For the first use of the mower, choose a smooth level area. Cut long straight strips overlapping slightly.

The size and type of area to be mowed determines the best mowing pattern to use. Obstructions such as trees, fences and buildings must also be considered. Where possible, make one or two passes in a counterclockwise direction around the outside of the area to keep the cut grass off fences and walks. The remainder of the mowing should be done in a clockwise direction so the clippings are dispersed on the cut area.

Keep in mind the following lawn care and mowing tips:

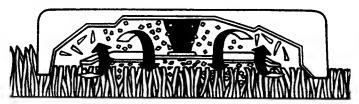
- Too much maintenance is as detrimental to your lawn as neglect.
- Mow when grass is 3-5 inches tall. Don't cut shorter than 2 to 2-1/2 inches. Cut only the top one-third of the grass blade. Cutting below this level can lead to thatch problems. Your mower has a cutting height adjustment that can help you maintain a proper length.
- For extremely tall grass, set the cutting height at maximum for the first pass, and then reset to the desired height and mow again.
- Mow often. Short clippings of an inch or less decompose more quickly than longer blades.
- Keep the blades on your mower sharp for finer clippings.
- Let grass grow a bit longer when it is hot to reduce heat build-up and protect grass from heat damage.
- Use slow-release fertilizer for slow, even growth.
- Don't cover grass surface with a heavy layer of clippings. Consider using a grass collection system and starting a compost pile.
- Aerate lawn in spring, consider renting an aerator which removes cores of soil from the lawn. This increases the speed of clipping decomposition and deep root growth by opening up the soil and permitting greater movement of water, fertilizer and air.
- Don't over-water. Too much water can encourage disease development.
- Mow when the grass is dry, preferably in the late afternoon when the temperatures are cooler.
- Where possible, change patterns occasionally to eliminate matting, graining or a corrugated appearance.
- For wet grasses, grasses prone to wheel tracking and for collecting clippings:
 - a. Use sharp blades.
 - b. Raise deck 1/4" higher in front than in rear.
 - c. Run at maximum engine speed but slow ground speed.
 - d. Clean deck of built-up material/caked-on grass.
 - e. Check for free movement of mower idler pulley.

- For dry conditions where grass blow-out is a problem:
 - a. Use sharp blades.
 - b. Raise deck so the front is even with, or 1/8" lower than, rear.
 - c. Use 3/4 engine speed.
 - d. Clean deck of built-up material/caked-on grass.

MULCHING MOWER OPERATION (OPTIONAL KIT ATTACHMENT)

Mulching

Mulching consists of actually cutting and recutting clippings into tiny particles and blowing them into the lawn. These tiny particles decompose rapidly into by-products your lawn can use. Under proper conditions, your mulching mower will virtually eliminate noticeable clippings on the lawn surface.



Keep in mind these mulching tips:

- Use mulching mower or mulcher kit without shredders for grass mulching.
- Install shredders for leaf shredding.
- Use maximum engine speed.
- Raise height of cut if excessive power is used.
- Must use sharp blades. Do not use lift tabs or high lift blade when mulching.
- Adjust to lower ground speeds in heavy grass or if windrow is present.
- Clean deck of built-up material/caked-on grass.
- Check for free movement of mower idler pulley.

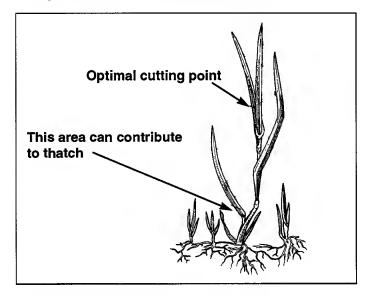
Mowing Conditions

The best mulching results from mowing when lawn is dry and grass blades are not over 5" long. Follow these quidelines for best results:

- Do not use the mower as a mulching mower during the first two or three mowings in the spring. The long grass blades, quick growth, and often wetter conditions are more suitable for side-discharge (broadcasting) or grass bagging operation.
- Avoid mulching after rain or heavy dew. It may be better to mow later in the day or early evening when lawn is drier.
- · Change the mowing pattern each time.
- If mulching baffles are removed, the original deflector must be in operating position for safe side-discharge mowing.

How Much Grass To Cut Off

Removing too much grass height in one cutting may result in an unsatisfactory cut: windrowing, clumping, or uneven dispersal of clippings may result. It is best to mow when the grass is between 3"- 5" tall, although this will depend on your personal preference for lawn appearance. A good rule to follow is to cut only the top one-third of the grass blade at a time (maximum of 1-1/2"). Cutting more off the grass blade, particularly in wet spring conditions, can lead to thatch problems.



Engine Speed & Ground Speed

Use full engine throttle matched with a slower ground speed so that clippings will be finely cut. A better cut may result from cutting the same area in two passes, each time cutting only 3/4" of grass blade. Short clippings of 1" or less decompose more quickly than longer blades.

NOTE: When mulching under heavy cutting conditions, a rumbling sound may be present and is normal.

The Proper Equipment

Always keep the mower blades sharp and balanced. Blades should be sharpened at the beginning of every mowing season. If the tips of grass blades brown after cutting, this may be a sign of dull blades tearing, rather than cutting, the grass blades.

Keep the underside of the mower deck and baffles clean so that clippings are properly circulated, chopped, and discharged back into the lawn.

The Best Combination

We recommend that you experiment with the height of cut position and tractor ground speed that will give you the best cut. Start with a higher cutting height and try increasing lower settings until you find a cutting height that is matched to your mowing conditions and preferences. Since mulching requires more horsepower than side-discharging, using a slower ground speed is important for proper mulching operation.

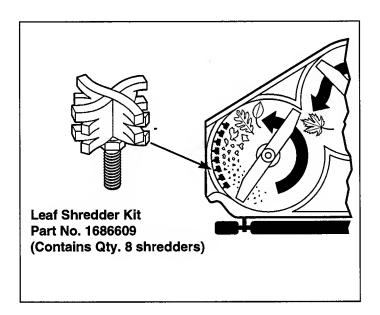
Clippings Are Beneficial

A common misconception about clippings is that they automatically lead to thatch. However, clippings produced by mulching methods actually contribute to a healthy lawn because they:

- Act as a safe, non-polluting and inexpensive fertilizer that nourishes your lawn. Fresh cut blades are a rich source of nitrogen which is essential to lush growth.
 And one garbage bag of clippings contains about 1/4 lb. of usable organic nitrogen.
- · Reduce the evaporation of water from your lawn.
- Provide a cushioning layer to reduce lawn wear.
- Moderate soil temperature.
- Save money normally spent on trash bags.

Leaf Shredding (For use with Mulcher Kit Only)

Patented Shredder Blades virtually eliminate raking leaves. Up to 512 cutting edges pulverize leaves into tiny particles, which quickly and naturally decompose into food for your lawn. Shredder Blades must be removed when you choose to mulch grass clippings.



SCHEDULE

The following schedule should be followed for normal care of your tractor and mower. You will need to keep a record of your operating time. Determining operating time is easily accomplished by multiplying the time it takes to do one job by the number of times you've done the job, or you can install the optional hour meter.

Safety Items	See Page	Before First Use	Before Each Use	Every 5 Hours	Every 25 Hours	Every 100 Hours	Spring & Fall
Check safety interlock system.	8	•					•
Check tractor brakes.	- 26	•					•
Check mower blade stopping time.	27	Afte	r adjustment	or service of	electric PTO	clutch ●	
Normal Care Items							
Check tractor & mower for loose hardware.	_	•	•	•			
Check engine oil level.	*	•	•	•			•
Check coolant level.	*	•	•				•
Check engine & air filter.	*		_		***•		
Change engine oil and filter.**	*				***Even	y 50 hrs.	***•
Change coolant.*	*	Only	if coolant is o	contaminated			
Lubricate tractor & mower.	17-18				***•		
Check fluid levels & tire pressure	15,16 & 20	•	•		**●	-	
Change transmission fluid.****	_		Only if trans	axle is servi	ced or every	400 hours.	
Check fuel filter.	16					•	
Clean battery & cables	18					•	
Clean/sharpen blades.	19					•	
Inspect spark plug(s).	*					•	

- * See the engine manufacturer's owner's manual.
- ** Change original engine oil after first 5 hours of operation.
- *** More often in hot (over 85° F: 30° C) weather or dusty operating conditions.
- Fluid and filter should be changed when performing repair work or if fluid has become discolored from overheating or contamination

RAISING THE HOOD

To gain access to the engine compartment, release the rubber strap (see Figure 12) on each side of the hood and raise the hood by lifting while tilting it forward.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Do not run the engine with the hood raised. Engine heat will cause damage to the headlight bezel and hood.

CHECKING/ADDING GASOLINE

Check the fuel gauge/cap (under seat) to be sure there is enough fuel to complete the job. To add gasoline, remove the fuel gauge/cap. Do not overfill. Leave room in the tank for fuel expansion. Refer to your engine manual for fuel recommendations. Install and hand tighten the fuel gauge/cap.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Never use gasoline containing METHANOL, gasohol containing more than 10% ethanol, gasoline additives, premium gasoline, or white gas because engine/fuel system damage could result.

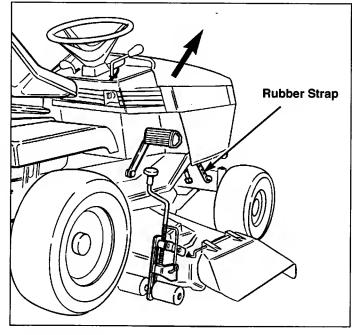


Figure 12. Raising the hood.

CHECKING TIRE PRESSURE

Front tire pressure should be 12 to 15 psi (82 to 103 kPa). Rear tire pressure should be 6 to 8 psi (41 to 55 kPa).

CHECKING FUEL FILTER

A WARNING

Do not remove fuel filter when engine is hot, as spilled gasoline may ignite. DO NOT spread hose clamps further than necessary. Ensure clamps grip hoses firmly over filter after installation.

The fuel filter (B, Figure 13) is located under the hood, in fuel line between fuel tank and carburetor. If filter is dirty or clogged, replace as follows. (Place a container below filter to catch fuel.)

- 1. Using a pliers, open and slide clamps from fuel filter.
- 2. Remove hoses from filter.
- Install new filter in proper flow direction in fuel line.
 Secure with hose clamps. See warning at beginning of procedure.

CHECKING/ADDING COOLANT

A WARNING

Engine coolant contains ethylene glycol. Causes irritation. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing. Keep in tightly closed container. Wash thoroughly after handling. Follow safety guidelines on coolant container labels.

The engine coolant level and quality should be checked before each use, when the engine is off and cool.

- Check coolant in the overflow reservoir (C, Figure 14). Coolant should be green in color and coolant level should be between the "I" and "L" marks on the tank.
- If the coolant level is below the "L" mark on the overflow reservoir, then with the engine off and cool, remove the radiator cap (D, Figure 14). Add coolant (50/50 mixture of ethylene glycol and distilled water), slowly fill the tank to the bottom of the radiator cap filler neck.
- 3. Inspect for leaks in system as described below:

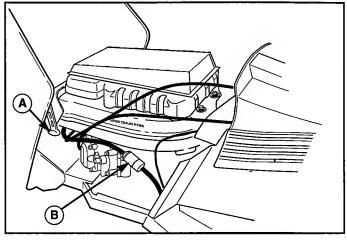


Figure 13. Engine Compartment (View from Left)

A. Rubber Strap

B. Fuel Filter

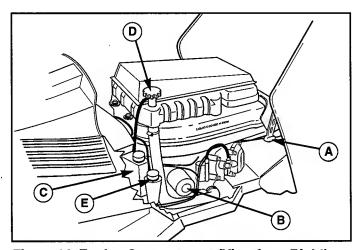


Figure 14. Engine Compartment (View from Right)

- A. Rubber Strap
- D. Radiator Cap
- B. Oil Filter
- E. Oil Fill/Dipstick
- C. Overflow Reservoir

COOLING SYSTEM INSPECTION

Inspect the radiator and the hoses at least after every 200 hours of operation.

- Inspect radiator inlet and outlet tubes for cracks, kinks, dents, and fractured seams. Have radiator repaired or replaced if necessary.
- 2. Check for dirt and insects that may be lodged in the radiator. Clean them out using compressed air or a low-pressure washer.

LUBRICATION

Lubricate the tractor and mower deck as shown in Figures 15 - 21. When a grease gun is shown, wipe the fitting clean, apply two or three shots of lithium base automotive grease, and wipe off excess grease. When an oil can is shown, wipe the area clean, apply a few drops of oil (SAE 30), then wipe up drips or spills.

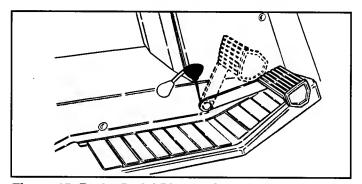


Figure 15. Brake Pedal Pivot Point

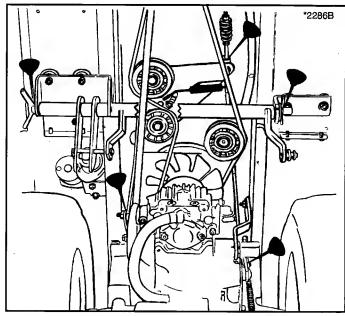


Figure 17. Tractor Lubrication Points - Rear Half

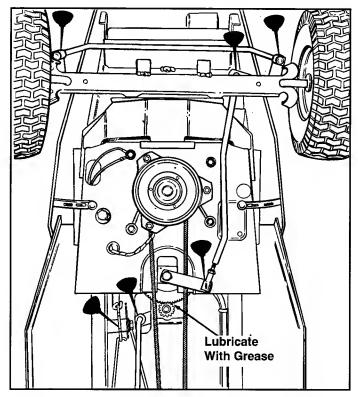


Figure 16. Tractor Lubrication Points - Front Half

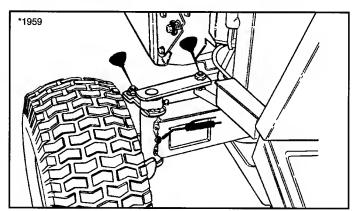


Figure 18. Front Axle Lubrication Points

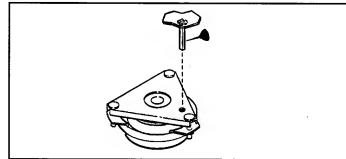


Figure 19. PTO Lubrication

LUBRICATION NOTES:

- 1. Grease locations indicated by grease gun symbol: Use grease fittings when present. Disassemble parts to apply grease to moving parts when grease fittings are not installed.

LUBRICATION (Continued)

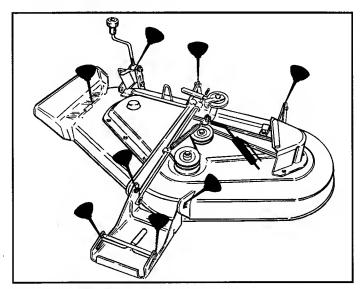


Figure 20. Mower Lubrication Points

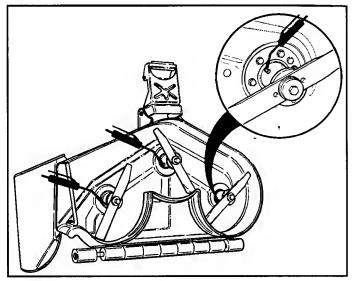


Figure 21. Arbor Lubrication Points

BATTERY MAINTENANCE

Checking the Battery Fluid

- 1. Raise the hood.
- 2. Remove the battery hold-down bar (C, Figure 22).
- 3. Battery filler caps are located directly below the holddown bar. Remove battery filler cap. Fluid must be even with split ring full mark. If not, add distilled water.
- 4. Reinstall filler cap.

Cleaning the Battery and Cables

- 1. Disconnect the cables from the battery, negative cable first (B, Figure 22).
- 2. Remove the battery hold-down bar (C, Figure 22), then remove the batteries.
- 3. Scrub the batteries, cables and battery compartment with baking soda and water.
- 4. Clean the battery terminals and cable clamps with a wire brush and battery post terminal cleaner.
- 5. Reinstall batteries and clamp.
- 6. Connect cables, positive cable first.
- 7. Coat cable clamps and terminals with grease or petroleum jelly.

WARNING

Be careful when handling batteries. Avoid spilling electrolyte. Keep flames and sparks away from the batteries.

A WARNING

When removing or installing battery cables, disconnect the negative cable FIRST and reconnect it LAST. If not done in this order, the positive terminal can be shorted to the frame by a tool.

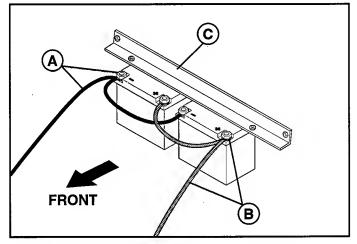


Figure 22. Battery Connections

A. Positive Cable & Terminal C. Hold Down Bar

B. Negative Cable & Terminal

SERVICING THE MOWER BLADES

WARNING

For your personal safety, do not handle the sharp mower blades with bare hands. Careless or improper handling of blades may result in serious injury.

- 1. Remove mower from the tractor.
- 2. Blades should be sharp and free of nicks and dents. If not, sharpen blades as described in following steps.
- 3. To remove blade for sharpening, use wooden block to hold blade while removing the blade mounting capscrew (Figure 23).
- 4. Use a file to sharpen blade to fine edge. Remove all nicks and dents in blade edge. If blade is severely damaged, it should be replaced.
- Balance the blade as shown in Figure 24. Center the blade's hole on a nail lubricated with a drop of oil. A balanced blade will remain level.
- Reinstall each blade with the tabs pointing up toward deck as shown in Figure 25. Secure with a capscrew (D), cup washer (C) and spline washer (B). Use a wooden block to prevent blade rotation and torque capscrews to 50-70 ft.lbs. (67-95 N.m.).

WARNING

For your personal safety, blade mounting capscrews must each be installed with a cup washer and spline washer, then securely tightened. Torque blade mounting capscrew to 50-70 ft.lbs. (67-95 N.m.)

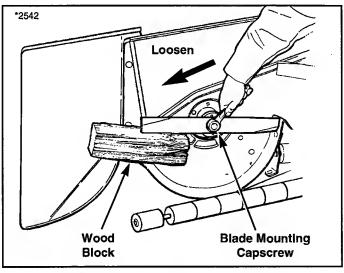


Figure 23. Removing The Blade

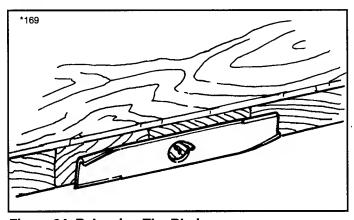


Figure 24. Balancing The Blade

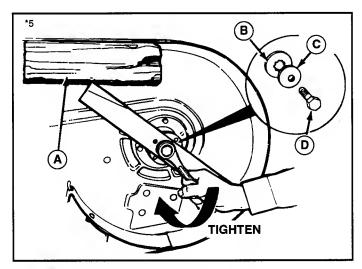


Figure 25. Installing The Blade

- A. Wooden Block
- C. Cup Washer
- B. Spline Washer
- D. Capscrew

CHECKING TRANSMISSION FLUID

Transmission fluid should be checked with the engine off. Remove plug (Figure 26). Fluid level should be to the bottom of the hole. If fluid level is low, add fluid (10W 40 oil) to the fill tube (Figure 27) until proper level is reached, then reinstall drain plug.

CHANGING TRANSMISSION FLUID & FILTER

Transmission fluid and filter should be changed when performing repair work or if fluid has become discolored from overheating or contamination. Perform fluid and filter change every 400 hours of operation if no other service to the transmission has been performed.

Replace the transmission filter whenever changing transmission fluid. Make sure filter base and surrounding area is absolutely clean before removing and replacing filter.

To drain transmission fluid:

- 1. Remove transmission filter and drain fluid into suitable container. Reinstall new filter.
- 2. Remove oil port plug (Figure 26).
- 3. Add 10W 40 oil (76 oz.) to the transmission fluid fill tube (Figure 27) until oil just starts to run out of the oil port (Figure 26). Reinstall oil port plug.
- 4. Run the tractor for several minutes until transmission is warm, then re-check fluid level as described previously under CHECKING TRANSMISSION FLUID.

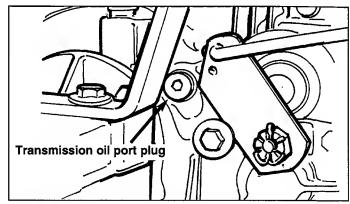


Figure 26. Transmission Oil Port Plug

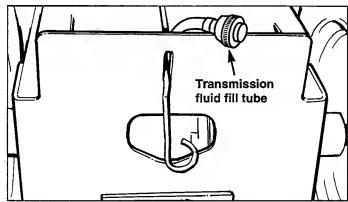


Figure 27. Transmission Fluid Fill Tube Located at Rear of Tractor

TEMPORARY STORAGE (30 Days Or Less)

Remember, the fuel tank will still contain some gasoline, so never store the tractor indoors or in any other area where fuel vapor could travel to any ignition source. Fuel vapor is also toxic if inhaled, so never store the tractor in any structure used for human or animal habitation.

Here is a checklist of things to do when storing your tractor temporarily or in between uses:

- Keep the tractor in an area away from where children may come into contact with it. If there's any chance of unauthorized use, remove the spark plug (s) and put in a safe place. Be sure the spark plug opening is protected from foreign objects with a suitable cover.
- If the tractor can't be stored on a reasonable level surface, chock the wheels.
- · Clean all grass and dirt from the mower.

NOTE: If storing your tractor between winter snow removal jobs in a cold area, we suggest that you fill the fuel tank at the completion of each job to prevent water condensation in the fuel tank. Wait for engine to cool before filling tank.

LONG TERM STORAGE (Longer Than 30 Days)

Before you store your tractor for the off-season, read the Maintenance and Storage instructions in the Safety Rules section, then perform the following steps:

- Drain crankcase oil while engine is hot and refill with a grade of oil that will be required when tractor is used again.
- 2. Prepare the mower deck for storage as follows:
 - a. Remove mower deck from the tractor.
 - b. Clean underside of mower deck.
 - c. Coat all bare metal surfaces with paint or light coat of oil to prevent rusting.
- 3. Clean external surfaces and engine.
- 4. Prepare engine for storage. See engine owner's manual.
- Clean any dirt or grass from cylinder head cooling fins, engine housing and air cleaner element.
- Cover air cleaner and exhaust outlet tightly with plastic or other waterproof material to keep out moisture, dirt and insects.
- 7. Completely grease and oil tractor as outlined in the Normal Care section.
- 8. Clean up tractor and apply paint or rust preventative to any areas where paint is chipped or damaged.
- 9. Be sure the battery is filled to the proper level with water and is fully charged. Battery life will be

WARNING

Never store the tractor, with gasoline in engine or fuel tank, in a heated shelter or in enclosed, poorly ventilated enclosures. Gasoline fumes may reach an open flame, spark or pilot light (such as a furnace, water heater, clothes dryer, etc.) and cause an explosion.

Handle gasoline carefully. It is highly flammable and careless use could result in serious fire damage to your person or property.

Drain fuel into an approved container outdoors away from open flame or sparks.

increased if it is removed, put in a cool, dry place and fully charged about once a month. If battery is left in tractor, disconnect the negative cable.

10. Drain fuel system completely or add a gasoline stabilizer to the fuel system. If you have chosen to use a fuel stabilizer and have not drained the fuel system, follow all safety instructions and storage precautions in this manual to prevent the possibility of fire from the ignition of gasoline fumes. Remember, gasoline fumes can travel to distant sources of ignition and ignite, causing risk of explosion and fire.

NOTE: Gasoline, if permitted to stand unused for extended periods (30 days or more), may develop gummy deposits which can adversely affect the engine carburetor and cause engine malfunction. To avoid this condition, add a gasoline stabilizer to the fuel tank or drain all fuel from the system before placing unit in storage.

11. Transport the tractor to a suitable, dry, indoor location. If the tractor is to be stored 6 months or longer, block the tractor up off the wheels to relieve weight and also to keep the tires off a damp floor. Protect tires from prolonged exposure to direct sunlight.

STARTING AFTER LONG TERM STORAGE

Before starting the tractor after it has been stored for a long period of time, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove the blocks from under the tractor.
- 2. Install the battery if it was removed.
- 3. Unplug the exhaust outlet and air cleaner.
- Fill the fuel tank with fresh gasoline. See engine manual for recommendations.
- 5. Check crankcase oil level and add proper oil if necessary.
- 6. Inflate tires to proper pressure. Check fluid levels.
- 7. Start the engine and let it run slowly. DO NOT run at high speed immediately after starting. Be sure to run engine only outdoors or in well ventilated area.

GENERAL

A WARNING

To avoid serious injury, perform maintenance on the tractor or mower only when the engine is stopped and the parking brake engaged. Always remove the ignition key, disconnect spark plug wire and fasten away from the plug before beginning the maintenance, to prevent accidental starting of the engine.

This section of the manual provides troubleshooting and repair instructions for the more common and easily corrected problems. For other problems, it is recommended that you contact your dealer.Locate the problem that best describes the trouble that you have encountered. Check the possible causes one at a time, in the order that they are listed.

TROUBLESHOOTING THE TRACTOR

Engine will not turnover or start.

- Ground speed control lever not in neutral-start position. Shift into neutral.
- 2. PTO (electric clutch) switch in ON position. Place in OFF position.
- 3. Out of fuel. If engine is hot, allow it to cool, then refill the fuel tank.
- Engine flooded. Push choke knob in (twin cylinder models) or move throttle control out of CHOKE position (single cylinder models).
- 5. Circuit breaker tripped. Wait one minute for automatic reset. Replace if defective (see your dealer).
- 6. Battery terminals require cleaning. See Normal Care section.
- 7. Battery discharged or dead. Recharge or replace.
- 8. Wiring loose or broken. Visually check wiring & replace broken or frayed wires. Tighten loose connections.
- 9. Solenoid or starter motor faulty. Repair or replace.
- Safety interlock switch or module faulty. Replace if needed (see your dealer.)
- 11. Spark plug(s) faulty, fouled or incorrectly gapped. Clean and gap or replace. See engine manual.
- 12. Water in fuel. Drain fuel & refill with fresh fuel.
- 13. Old stale gas. Drain fuel & replace with fresh fuel.
- 14. Foot pedal not depressed.

Engine starts hard or runs poorly.

1. Fuel mixture too rich. Clean air filter. Check choke adjustment (engine speed control). See engine manual.

- 2. Carburetor adjusted incorrectly. See engine manual.
- 3. Spark plug(s) faulty, fouled, or incorrectly gapped. Clean and gap or replace. See engine manual.

Engine knocks.

- 1. Low oil level. Check/add oil as required.
- 2. Using wrong grade oil. See engine manual.

Excessive oil consumption.

- 1. Engine running too hot. See Low Engine Output.
- 2. Using wrong weight oil. See engine manual.
- 3. Too much oil in crankcase. Drain excessive oil.

Engine exhaust is black.

- 1. Dirty air filter. Clean air filter. See engine manual.
- Check engine speed control adjustment (choke).See engine manual.

Low Engine Output/Engine Overheats

- 1. Clogged air cleaner. Clean air cleaner. See engine manual.
- 2. Clogged cooling system. Consult your dealer.
- 3. Loose or slipping fan belt. Consult your dealer.
- 4. Insufficient engine oil. Replenish or change oil.
- 5. Poor ventilation around engine. Check to see that all hood vents and the top of the radiator to make sure that they are free of grass clippings and debris.
- Lack of coolant. Check and add coolant to the correct level.
- 7. Too much oil in crankcase. Drain out excess oil.

Engine runs, but tractor will not drive.

- 1. Ground speed control lever in neutral. Shift in forward or reverse.
- 2. Transmission release lever in "push" position. Move into drive position.
- 3. Belt is broken. See Drive Belt Replacement.
- 4. Drive belt slips. See problem and cause below.
- 5. Brake is not fully released. See Brake Adjustment.

Tractor drive belt slips.

- 1. Clutch is out of adjustment. See your dealer.
- 2. Pulleys or belt greasy or oily. Clean as required.
- 3. Belt stretched or worn. Replace with correct belt.
- 4. Idler pulley pivot bracket "frozen" in de-clutched position. Remove idler pulley, clean and lubricate.

Brake will not hold.

- 1. Brake is incorrectly adjusted. See Brake Adjustment.
- Internal brake disc on transaxle worn. See your dealer.

Tractor steers hard or handles poorly.

- Steering linkage is loose. Check and tighten any loose connections. See Steering Gear Adjustment.
- 2. Improper tire inflation. Check and correct.
- 3. Spindle bearings dry. Grease spindles. See Lubricating the Tractor.

Drive belt does not stop when clutch/brake pedal depressed.

 Belt stops or belt tension out of adjustment. See Tractor Drive Belt in Belt Replacement section.

TROUBLESHOOTING THE MOWER

Mower will not raise.

 Lift arms or lift link not properly attached or damaged. Attach or repair.

Mower cut is uneven.

- 1. Mower not leveled properly. See Mower Adjustment.
- 2. Tractor tires not inflated equally or properly. See Normal Care.

Mower cut is rough looking.

- 1. Engine speed too slow. Set for 3/4 to full throttle.
- 2. Ground speed too fast. Set ground speed control lever at a slower ground speed.
- 3. Blades dull and require sharpening. See Servicing the Mower Blades.
- 4. Mower drive belt slipping. Belt oily or worn. Clean or replace belt as necessary.
- 5. Check PTO (Electric Clutch) Adjustment. Clutch may need to be adjusted.
- 6. Blades not properly fastened to arbors. See Servicing the Mower Blades.

Engine stalls easily with mower engaged.

- 1. Engine speed too slow. Set for 3/4 to full throttle.
- 2. Ground speed too fast.
- Carburetor not adjusted properly.
- Cutting height set too low when moving tall grass.
 Cut tall grass at maximum cutting height during first

pass.

5. Discharge chute jamming with cut grass. Cut grass with discharge pointing toward previously cut area.

Excessive mower vibration.

- 1. Blade mounting screws are loose. Tighten to 50-70 ft.lbs. (68-76 N.m.).
- 2. Mower blades, arbors, or pulleys are bent. Check and replace as necessary.
- Mower blades are out of balance. Remove, sharpen and balance blades. See Servicing the Mower Blades.
- 4. Belt installed incorrectly. See Belt Replacement.

Excessive belt breakage.

- 1. Belt tension too tight. Adjust belt tension.
- 2. Bent or rough pulleys. Repair or replace.
- 3. Using incorrect belt. See your dealer.

Mower drive belt slips or fails to drive.

- Idler pulley spring broken or not properly attached.
 See your dealer.
- 2. Belt stops out of adjustment. Check.
- 3. Mower drive belt broken. Replace.

CHECKING THE BATTERY CHARGE

The voltmeter can be used to determine condition of batteries. When engine is off, the voltmeter shows battery voltage, which should be 12 volts. When engine is running, the voltmeter shows voltage of charging circuit which normally is 13 to 14 volts.

A dead battery or one too weak to start the engine may not mean the battery needs to be replaced. It may, as an example, mean that the alternator is not charging the battery properly. If there is any doubt about the cause of the problem, see your dealer. If you need to replace the battery, follow the steps under Cleaning the Battery & Cables in the Normal Care Section.

A WARNING

Do not attempt to charge a frozen battery. Allow the battery to warm to 60° F (15.5° C) before placing on charge.

CHARGING COMPLETELY DISCHARGED BATTERIES

A WARNING

Keep open flames and sparks away from the battery; the gasses coming from it are highly explosive. Ventilate the battery well during charging.

- Be aware of all the safety precautions you should observe during the charging operation. If you are unfamiliar with the use of a battery charger and hydrometer, have the battery serviced by your dealer.
- Add water sufficient to cover the plate (fill to the proper level near the end of the charge). If the battery is extremely cold, allow it to warm before adding water because the water level will rise as it warms. Also, an extremely cold battery will not accept a normal charge until it becomes warm.
- Always unplug or turn the charger off before attaching or removing the clamp connections.
- Carefully attach the clamps to the battery in proper polarity (usually red to [+] positive and black to [-] negative).
- 5. While charging, periodically measure the temperature of the electrolyte. If the temperature exceeds 125° F (51.6° C), or if violent gassing or spewing of electrolyte occurs, the charging rate must be reduced or temporarily halted to prevent battery damage.

6. Charge the battery until fully charged (i.e. until the specific gravity of the electrolyte is 1.250 or higher and the electrolyte temperature is at least 60° F). The best method of making certain a battery is fully charged, but not over charged, is to measure the specific gravity of a cell once per hour. The battery is fully charged when the cells are gassing freely at low charging rate and less than 0.003 change in specific gravity occurs over a three hour period.

JUMP STARTING WITH AUXILIARY (BOOSTER) BATTERY

Jump starting is not recommended. However, if it must be done, follow these directions. Both booster and discharged batteries should be treated carefully when using jumper cables. Follow the steps below EXACTLY, being careful not to cause sparks. Refer to Figure 28.

A WARNING

For your personal safety, use extreme care when jump starting. Never expose battery to open flame or electric spark – battery action generates hydrogen gas which is flammable and explosive. Do not allow battery acid to contact skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. Batteries contain a sulfuric acid solution which can cause serious personal injury or property damage.

- 1. Both batteries must be of the same voltage (6, 12, etc.).
- Position the vehicle with the booster battery adjacent to the vehicle with the discharged battery so that booster cables can be connected easily to the batteries in both vehicles. Make certain vehicles do not touch each other.
- 3. Wear safety glasses and shield eyes and face from batteries at all times. Be sure vent caps are tight. Place damp cloth over vent caps on both batteries.
- 4. Connect positive (+) cable to positive post of discharged battery (wired to starter or solenoid).
- 5. Connect the other end of same cable to same post marked positive (+) on booster battery.
- 6. Connect the second cable negative (-) to other post of booster battery.
- 7. Make final connection on engine block of stalled vehicle away from battery. Do not lean over batteries.
- 8. Start the engine of the vehicle with the booster battery. Wait a few minutes, then attempt to start the engine of the vehicle with the discharged battery.

- If the vehicle does not start after cranking for thirty seconds, STOP PROCEDURE. More than thirty seconds seldom starts the engine unless some mechanical adjustment is made.
- 10. After starting, allow the engine to return to idle speed. Remove the cable connection at the engine or frame. Then remove the other end of the same cable from the booster battery.
- 11. Remove the other cable by disconnecting at the discharged battery first and then disconnect the opposite end from the booster battery.
- 12. Discard the damp cloths that were placed over the battery vent caps.

MARNING

To avoid engine damage, do not disconnect battery while engine is running. Be sure terminal connections are tight before starting.

WARNING

Any procedure other than the preceding could result in: (1) personal injury caused by electrolyte squirting out the battery vents, (2) personal injury or property damage due to battery explosion, (3) damage to the charging system of the booster vehicle or of the immobilized vehicle.

Do not attempt to jump start a vehicle having a frozen battery because the battery may rupture or explode. If a frozen battery is suspected, examine all fill vents on the battery. If ice can be seen or if the electrolyte fluid cannot be seen, do not attempt to start with jumper cables as long as the battery remains frozen.

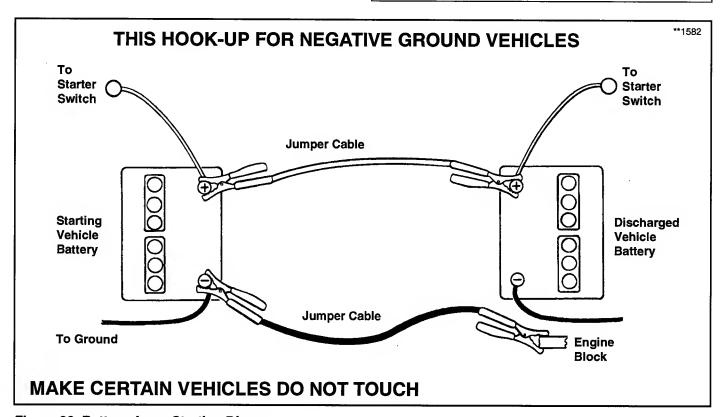


Figure 28. Battery Jump Starting Diagram

▲ WARNING

To avoid serious injury, perform adjustments only with engine stopped, key removed and tractor on level ground.

SEAT ADJUSTMENT

See Figure 29. Use the lever to adjust the seat forward or rearward for best rider comfort.

BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Fully depress the clutch/brake pedal and lock the parking brake by pulling up on the parking brake knob (K, Figure 2).
- 2. See Figure 30. The brake rod spring should measure 3" (2-3/32" to 3-3/64") when compressed. Turn the adjustment nut to achieve correct spring length.

PTO (ELECTRIC CLUTCH) ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Make sure engine is off and key removed.
- Use a 0.010 0.012 feeler gauge to check the PTO at three places. See Figure 31. Insert the gauge between the drive spring rivets. There should be a slight resistance as gauge is moved in and out of slot. If adjustment is required, proceed to step 3.
- Loosen or tighten one of nut as required to obtain the specified clearance. (Loosen the nut to increase the gap, tighten the nut to decrease the gap).
- 4. After adjusting one nut, check the other two with a feeler gauge. Adjustment at one location will change the measurement at the other two locations. Make sure all three locations have proper adjustment.
- 5. Perform Blade Brake Adjustment. See procedure on page 27.

STEERING GEAR ADJUSTMENT

If there is excessive slack in the steering system, the steering gear back lash can be removed.

- 1. See Figure 32. Loosen the two capscrews and adjust the bracket so the gear teeth are closely meshed.
- 2. Tighten nuts after adjustment.

STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT

- Pull down on the rubber boot to expose the two holes in the steering shaft (O, Figure 2).
- 2. Use a suitable drift to remove the roll pin at the base of the steering wheel.
- 3. Align the hole in the steering wheel with the appropriate steering shaft hole and install the roll pin.

NOTE: Steering wheel is factory installed with the roll pin in the bottom hole.

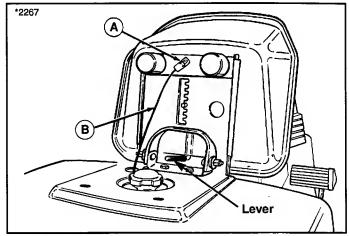


Figure 29. Seat Adjustment

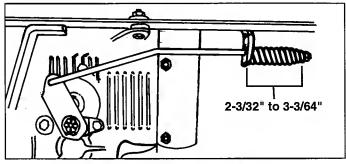


Figure 30. Brake Adjustment - Hydro Models

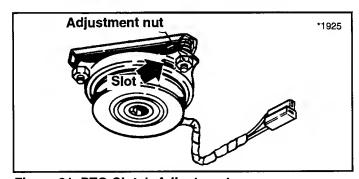


Figure 31. PTO Clutch Adjustment

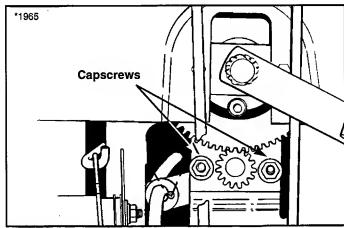


Figure 32. Steering Gear Adjustment

MOWER ADJUSTMENT

Leveling The Mower

If the cut is uneven, the mower may need leveling. Unequal or improper tire pressure may also cause an uneven cut. Make sure tire pressure is correct as specified in Checking Tire Pressure.

- With the mower installed, place the tractor on a smooth, level surface such as a concrete floor. Turn the front wheels straight forward.
- 2. Check for bent blades and replace if necessary.
- 3. Place the mower in mid-cut position. Arrange the outside mower blades so that they are pointing from side-to-side.
- 4. Measure the distance between the outside tips of each blade and the ground. If there is more than 1/8" (3mm) difference between the measurements on each side, proceed to step 5. If the difference is 1/8" (3mm) or less, proceed to step 6.



Before checking mower, shut off PTO and engine. Allow all moving parts to stop. Remove ignition key, then disconnect the spark plug wire and fasten it away from the spark plug.

See Figure 33. Loosen the outside nut (A). Turn the
eccentric nut (B) to raise or lower left-hand side of
mower. When mower is level, hold the eccentric nut
while tightening the outside nut.

NOTE: When using a turbo collection system, raise the discharge side of the mower approximately 1/4" to compensate for turbo assembly weight. Check the level of the cut grass and adjust the 1/4" measurement as necessary for a smooth, even cut.

- 6. Arrange the blades so they face front-to-back.
- Measure the distance from the ground to the front tip of the center blade, and from the ground to rear tips of left-hand and right-hand blades.
 - Front tip of of the center blade should be 1/4" higher than rear tips of left-hand and right-hand blades. If not, proceed with steps 8 10.
- 8. See Figure 34. To raise front of mower deck, loosen front nut (A) and turn rear nut (B) against bracket (C).
- To lower front of mower deck, loosen rear nut (B) and bracket (C) will move backwards to lengthen rod.
- Re-check measurement before tightening front nut
 (A) against bracket.

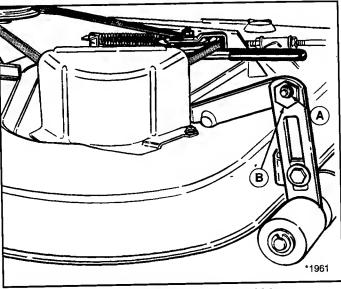


Figure 33. Leveling The Mower Side-to-Side
A. Outside Nut
B. Eccentric Nut

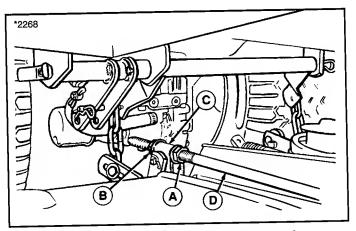


Figure 34. Leveling The Mower Front-To-Back

- A. Front Nut
- C. Mower Bracket
- B. Rear Nut
- D. Adjustment Rod

Blade Brake Adjustment

Mower blades and mower drive belt should come to a complete stop within five seconds after electric PTO switch is turned off.

- 1. With tractor in neutral, PTO disengaged and operator in seat, start the tractor engine.
- Look over the left-hand footrest at the mower drive belt. Engage the PTO and wait several seconds. Disengage the PTO and check the amount of time it takes for the mower drive belt to stop.
- If mower drive belt does not stop within five seconds, perform the steps described under PTO (Electric Clutch) Adjustment. Repeat steps 1 and 2. If belt still does not stop within 5 seconds, see your dealer.

IMPORTANT NOTE

To avoid damaging belts, do not pry belts over pulleys.

TRACTOR DRIVE BELT

- Park the tractor on a smooth, level surface such as a concrete floor. Disengage the PTO, turn off the engine and lock the parking brake. Remove the key. Lock the parking brake to relieve belt tension.
- 2. Remove the mower as described under Mower Removal in the Operation section.
- 3. See Figure 35. Loosen capscrews (A). Slip belt from between front V-pulley (B) and belt stop and from between rear idler pulley (C) and belt stop.
- 4. See Figure 36. To remove belt from engine pulley, the PTO (electric clutch) must be removed and the belt slid over the top of the pulley. Disconnect the PTO wire. Remove the capscrew (A) along with the hex washer and lockwasher securing the PTO to the engine crankshaft. Slide belt over the top of the engine pulley.
- 5. See Figure 36. Install new belt over engine pulley before re-installing the electric clutch. Install hex washer, lockwasher and capscrew (A). Lubricate weld tab on underside of tractor (D). Make sure tab is aligned with hole in top of electric clutch, then tighten capscrew to 45-50 ft. lbs. (61-68 N.m.).

NOTE: Check capscrew torque after 1 hour of operation.

- See Figure 36. On left-hand side of tractor, remove nut from capscrew (E) securing drag link (B) to steering arm (C). Drop old belt below drag link. Route new belt above drag link before re-installing nut on drag link, then tighten nut.
- 7. See Figure 37. Slip belt from transaxle pulley and fixed idler pulley (hydro models). Remove belt.

NOTE: Spin the transaxle cooling fan counterclockwise and slip belt through the blade.

- 8. Install new belt to the transaxle pulley and fixed idler pulley (hydro models).
- 9. Install new belt to idler pulleys as shown in Figure 37.
- 10. Install new belt to the idler pulleys as shown in Figure 37. Make sure belt is properly routed on flat and V sides. Tighten capscrews (A, Figure 35) securing pulleys. Adjust belt stops for 1/8" clearance from pulleys.
- 12. See Figure 37. Check belt routing around engine pulley, idler pulleys, and transaxle pulley. Check that the electric clutch, drag link and idler pulley spring are all correctly installed.
- 13. Start tractor engine and check operation of belt by placing ground speed lever in gear and engaging/disengaging the clutch/brake pedal.

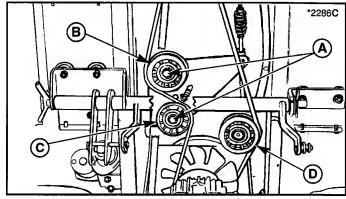


Figure 35. Drive Belt Idler Pulley

- A. Capscrews
- C. Idler Pulley
- B. V-Pulley
- D. Fixed Idler Pulley

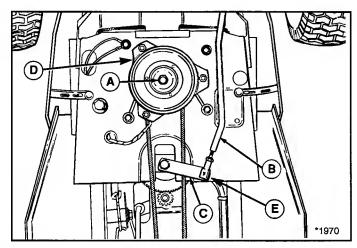


Figure 36. Drive Belt PTO Pulley

- A. Capscrew, PTO
- D. Weld Tab Location
- B. Drag Link
- E. Capscrew
- C. Steering Arm

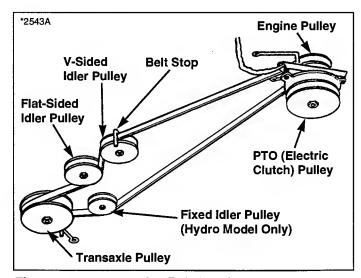


Figure 37. Tractor Drive Belt Routing

· Last Medical Mass. ?

MOWER DECK-TO-PTO BELT

NOTE: It is not necessary to remove the mower to install a new belt. However, for easier access mower can be removed. See Mower Removal in the Operation section.

- Park the tractor on a smooth, level surface such as a concrete floor. Disengage the PTO, turn off the engine and lock the parking brake. Remove the key.
- 2. If mower is not removed, place the mower in the lowest cutting position.
- 3. Push the idler arm (A, Figure 38) away from you to relieve belt tension. Drop belt from the PTO (electric clutch) pulley.
- 4. Loosen nut and lockwasher securing bracket belt stop (C, Figure 39) on idler pulley. Remove the three capscrews securing the left-hand arbor cover (D, Figure 39).
- 5. Remove old belt and replace with new belt. Make sure V-side of belt runs in arbor pulley grooves.
- Position the bracket belt stop (C, Figure 38) up against arm (A) so that there is a 1/8" gap between pulley and belt stop.
- 8. Install mower on tractor if it was removed. See Operation section, Mower Installation. Install belt to PTO pulley.
- Run the mower under no-load condition for about 5 minutes. Check blade brake adjustment after 1 hour of operation.

MOWER ARBOR BELT

- Park the tractor on a smooth, level surface such as a concrete floor. Disengage the PTO, turn off the engine and lock the parking brake. Remove the key.
- 2. Remove the mower from the tractor. See Mower Removal in the Operation section.
- 3. Remove the two capscrews securing upstop (A, Figure 39) and remove the upstop.
- Remove four additional capscrews securing righthand arbor cover (B, Figure 39). Remove three capscrews securing left-hand arbor cover (D, Figure 39).
- 5. Using a vise-grip or pliers, remove idler pulley spring (C, Figure 39) from slot in deck.
- Loosen capscrew (E, Figure 39) securing idler pulley to bracket. Belt can be slipped between pulley and idler bracket hub.
- 7. Install new belt as shown in Figure 40. Make sure that V-side of belt runs in arbor pulley grooves and flat side of belt runs against idler pulley.
- 8. Install spring (C, Figure 39) to slot in mower deck. Tighten capscrew securing idler pulley.
- 9. Install left and right arbor covers and upstop using original hardware.
- 10. Install mower to tractor.

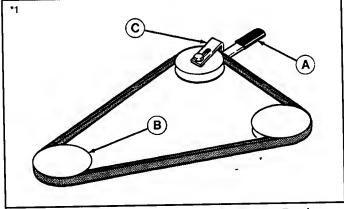


Figure 38. Mower Belt Routing - 44" Mower Deck A. Idler Pulley Arm C. Bracket Belt Stop

B. PTO Pulley

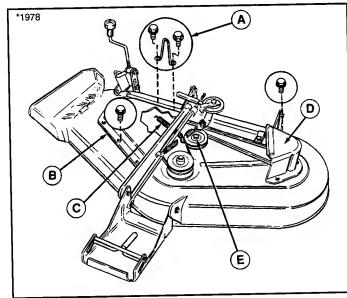


Figure 39. Mower Deck

- A. Upstop
- B. R.H. Arbor Cover
- C. Spring
- D. L.H. Arbor Cover
- E. Capscrew

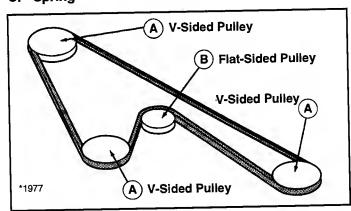


Figure 40. Mower Arbor Belt Routing

- A. Arbor Drive Pulley (V-sided)
- B. Idler Pulley (Flat-sided)

ENGINE

17 HP Kawasaki

Make

Kawasaki

Model

FD 501V 17 HP @ 3600 rpm

Horsepower Cylinders

Bore

Stroke

2.64 In. (67 mm) 2.44 In. (62 mm)

Displacement Construction

26.7 Cu. In. (437 cc)

Liquid Cooled, Overhead Valve, Cast Iron Sleeves, Aluminum Crankcase, 2nd Connecting

Rods, Full Pressure Oil Lubrication

Radiator Capacity 2.2 Quarts 50/50 Mix:

Electrical

Distilled Water/Ethylene Glycol

System

12 Volt, 15 Amp Alternator Regulated. Battery (2): 380 Cold Cranking Amps, Ejeclon System

Min. Reserve Capacity, Industrial Rated Starter

Ignition Air Cleaner Electronic Ignition **Ducted Paper Cartridge** Full Pressure Lube w/ Oil Filter

Lubrication Oil Capacity

3.2 Pints w/Filter (1.5 L)

Fuel Tank

Material: Non-Corrosive Polyethylene Fuel Tank Gauge Built Into Filler Cap

Capacity: 5 Gallons (18.9 L)

Muffler

Quiet Compact, Low Back Pressure

Coolant

2.2 Quarts (2 Liters)

TRANSMISSION

Hydro Models

Type

Hydro Gear 3010L

Hydrostatic Pump & Motor

Pump

Variable Displacement Axial Piston

Motor

Fixed Displacement Reversible Axial Piston 2.8 Quarts (2.7 Liters) SAE 10W-40 Premium

Hydraulic Fluid

Grade Engine Oil

Control

Single Lever w/Neutral Detent, Release Lever for Manual Tractor Movement, Continuously Variable, Forward & Reverse,

without Braking

Speeds @3400 RPM Forward: 0-6.6 MPH (0-10.1 km/h) Reverse: 0-3.1 MPH (0-5 km/h)

Differential

Bevel Gear Type with Controlled Traction

CONTROLS

Steering

15" (38 cm) Steering Wheel, Gear and Sector,

1.25 turns lock to lock

Clutch/Brake

Location Right Front

Pedal

Combination Clutch/Brake/Parking Brake

Pedal Standard Equipment

Location

-Mower Lift: Electric, Dash Mounted switch

-PTO Clutch: Electric, Dash Mounted -Ground Speed Control Lever Dash Mounted

-Ignition Key Switch: Dash Mounted

-Throttle Lever and Choke Knob: Dash Mounted

-Light Switch: Dash Mounted Switch -Separate Indicator Lights for Safety -Interlock Switch(es): Operator Present, Transmission Neutral, PTO Disengaged,

Clutch/Brake Pedal Depressed -Low Oil Pressure Warning Light **CHASSIS**

Frame Heavy Steel Channel (10/12 Gauge)

Power Take-Off Point: Front Engine Mounting: Above Front Axle Pivot Point Location: Front Axle

Tire Size 23 x 10.5-12 Turf Type

Pneumatic Inflation Pressure 6-8 psi (41-55 kPa)

Front Axle

Rear Wheels

1-3/4" x 3" 12 Ga. Fabricated Tube

Front Wheels

Tire Size: 16 x 6.50-8

Pneumatic Inflation Pressure: 12-15 psi

(82-103 kPa)

Accessibility

Hood Tips Forward

Seat

Type: Bucket, High Back Quick Adjust, Front and

rear spring suspension

Turning Radius Inside Rear Tire: 24 In. (61 cm)

DIMENSIONS

Tractor

Overall Length Overall Width

72 In. (183 cm) 39 In. (99.1 cm)

Height

To Top of Steering Wheel 42.5 In. (108 cm) To Top of Engine Cover 36 In. (91.4 cm)

Wheel Base 51.5 In. (131 cm) Weight (approx.)

Net: 670 lbs. (304.5 kg) (Without mower: 543 lbs (246 kg))

Shipping: 815 lbs. (370 kg)

(Without Mower: 688 lbs (312 kg)

Mower - 50"

Construction

Effective Cutting

12 Gauge Steel 50 In. (127 cm)

Width

Overall Width

64 In. (162.5 cm)

125 lbs. (57 kg)

with Deflector Weight

Variable Cutting Ht.

1-3.6 In. (2.5 to 9.1 cm)

Blade Arrangement

Three Staggered Blades V-Belt From Tractor PTO Clutch

Mower Drive Spindle Bearings

Lubricated and Sealed Ball Bearings

Lube Fitting Provided

NOTE: Specifications are correct at time of printing and are subject to change without notice.

COMMON REPLACEMENT PARTS

Listed below are the more common replacement parts. Only genuine factory replacement parts will assure optimum performance and safety. Do not attempt repairs or maintenance unless proper procedures and safety precautions are followed. For assistance in any area, see your dealer.

QTY.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
	Mower Blades	
3	- 50" Standard Lift	1708229
3	- 50" High Lift (Optional)	1706094
	Mower Belts	
1	- 50" Mower Drive	1707740
1	- 50" Arbor Drive	1703836
	Tractor Drive Belt	
1	- Hydro (Hydro Gear Model 216-3010L)	1707381
1	Safety Clip - Mower Lift	176012
1	Key, Ignition	1714054
2	Interlock Switch, Neutral	1701521
1	Interlock Switch, Seat	1704379
1	Battery	1685215
1	Solenoid	1685290
1	Switch, PTO (Electric Clutch)	1713487
1	Headlamp Bulb .	1677371
1	Oil Filter (Hydro Pump)	1707873

MAINTENANCE ITEMS

DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
Simplicity Engine Oils	
Case of 12 qts. (Your dealer has 1 qt. cans)	
-SAE 5W-30 SF/CD (Cold Weather 30° & under)	1685576
-SAE 30 3G/CC (Warm weather 32° & up)	1685659
Touch-Up Paint	
Deep Orange Spray Paint, 13 oz. Can	1685611
Deep Orange Paint, 1 qt.	1685612
Black Spray Paint, 13 oz. Can	1685639
Red Spray Paint, 13 oz. Can	1685722
Metallic Gray, 13 oz. Can (Wheels)	1685718
Touch-Up Daubers	
Deep Orange 1/2 oz. w/Brush Cap	1685615
 Grease Gun Kit w/8 oz. Grease Tube 	1685510
Replacement 8 oz. Grease Tube for above	103077
• Tire Sealant-Stops Tire Leaks. Prevents Fla	ats.
11 oz. Tube	1685523
• Gas Can-No Tip Design. Durable Polyethyle	ene.
1 gallon	1685587
2-1/2 gallon	1685555
5-1/4 gallon	1685556
 Cleaner, Polish, Sealant & Protectant 	
8 oz. Bottle	1685696
Degrimer/Degreaser	
32 oz. Bottle w/Trigger Spray	1685619
1 gallon	1685621

USE ONLY GENUINE FACTORY REPLACEMENT PARTS

Available Through Your Local
Authorized Dealer

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

See your dealer to purchase these items.

Turbo Clean Sweep Twin Catcher

Clean Sweep Twin Catcher

Turbo Quad Bagger™

Front Counterweights

Dump Cart

Rear Wheel Weights

40" & 42" Snowthrower

Weight/Tote Box

42" Dozer Blade

Hubcaps

36" Tiller

Tire Chains

Snow Cab

Grass Mulcher & Leaf Shredder Kit



TECHNICAL MANUAL AVAILABILITY

Additional copies of this manual, as well as a fully illustrated Parts Manuals for your unit are available. The Parts Manuals show all of the assemblies and individual parts as exploded views which show the relationship of the parts and how they go together. Important assembly notes and special torque values are included in the illustrations. Standard hardware and torque specification charts are also included.



To order copies of the manuals applicable Customer Publications Department at 414-284-8519. Have the following information



to your model, contact the Simplicity on the form at the right available when phoning in your request.

Model:	 	
M/N (Mfg. No.):		
S/N (Serial #):		
Your Name:		
Address:		
City, State, Zip:		
Visa/Mastercard No.:		
Card Expiration Date:		

INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLS







Parking Brake



Slow



Oil Pressure





Operator Present Switch (Seat)



Forward



Engine Running



PTO Engaged



Reverse

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AGCO ALLIS

Outdoor Power Equipment

500 N. Spring Street, P.O. Box 997 Port Washington, WI 53074-0997 USA Form Nos. 1716846

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